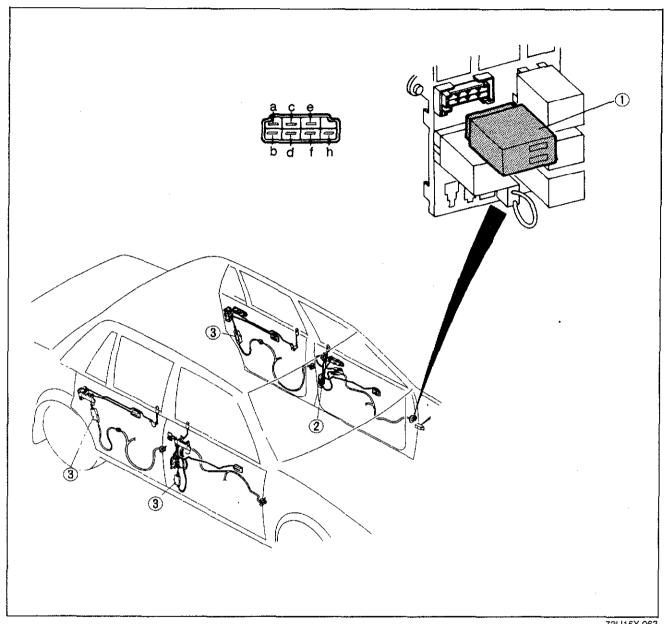
POWER DOOR LOCK

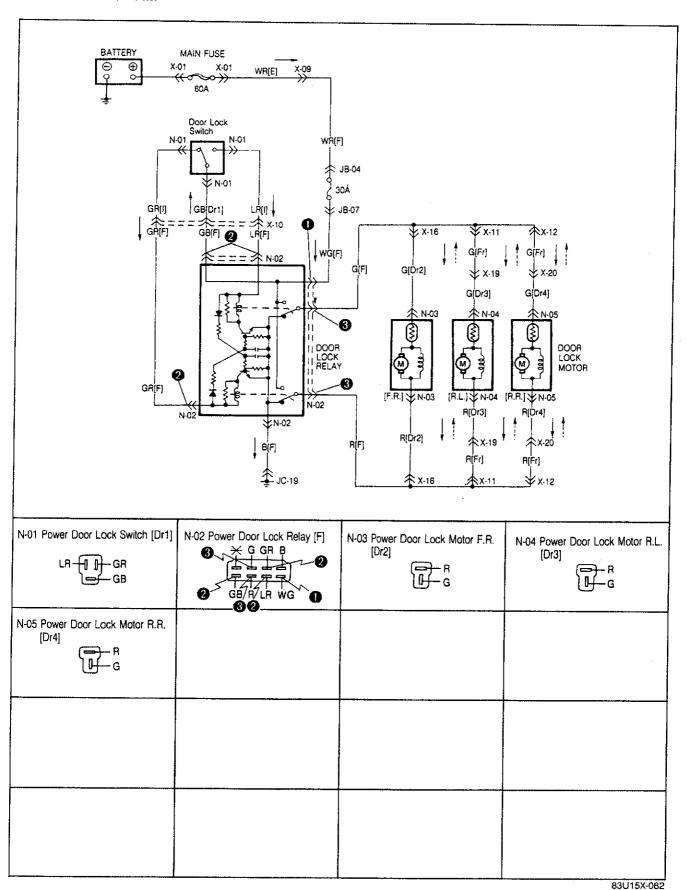
STRUCTURAL VIEW



73U15X-063

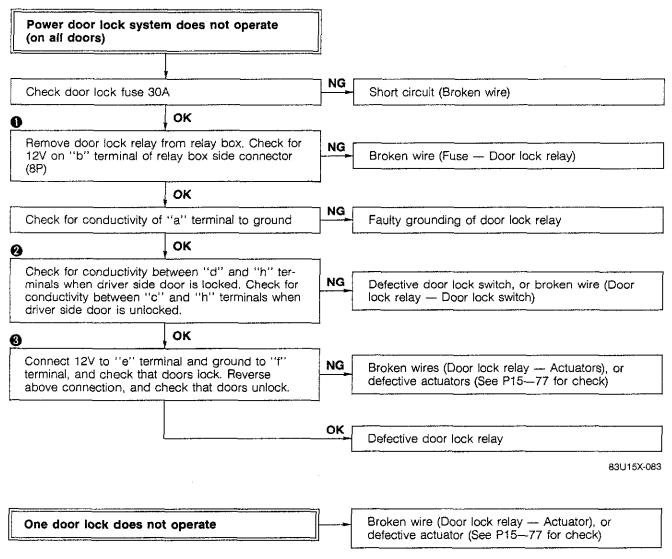
- 1. Door lock relay 2. Door lock switch 3. Door lock actuator

CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

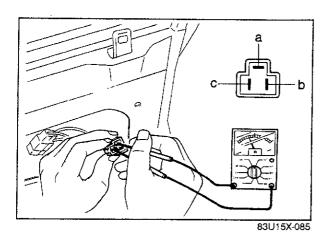


15 POWER DOOR LOCKS

TROUBLESHOOTING



83U15X-084

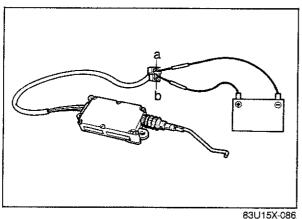


INSPECTION Door Lock Switch

Check for conductivity between the terminals.

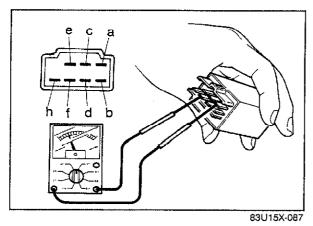
	а	Q	C
Locked	0-	$\overline{}$	
Unlocked	0		

O-O: Indicates conductive



Actuator

- 1. Connect the 12V to the "b" terminal and the ground to the "a" terminal, and check that the actuator locks.
- 2. Reverse the above connections, and check that the actuator unlocks.



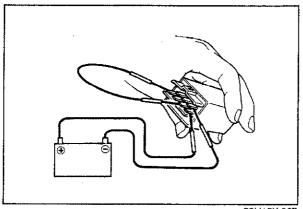
1134-000

Door Lock Timer Unit

1. Check the conductivity between the terminals.

Terminals	Conductivity	Terminals	Conductivity	Terminals	Conductivity
a-b	X	b—d	Х	c—h	Х
a—c	0	b—е	X	d—e	0
ad	0	b—f	X	d—f	0
ае	0	b—h	0	ď—h	X
af	0	c—d	0	e—f	0
a—h	X	с—е	0	eh	0
b—c	Х	c—f	0	f—h	X

O...Conductive, X...Non-conductive



73U15X-067

Note

- a) Set the tester to $x1000\Omega$ range.
- b) Conductive includes the state with resistance, and Non-conductive means insulated.
- 2. Connect the 12V to the "b" terminal and the ground to the "a" terminal. Then, short circuit the "h" and "d" terminals between the "h" and "c" terminals, and check that the relay clicks.